

cases generated and promoted by the heat came in with fully as much rapidity as at any time during this dreadful siege, and prostrations and sunstrokes were even more numerous than yesterday.

But the thermometers do not lie, and they showed a decrease in heat.

Twenty-six deaths from sunstroke and 71 by diarrhoeal diseases, due to the weather, were reported in twenty-four hours, and 111 deaths were of persons under five years of age.

It was time the promised change in temperature should come, but the 75 to 78 per cent. of humidity might have been omitted.



SCENE ON FOURTEENTH STREET.

Last night was sultry and hot. The best-ventilated bed chamber never got cooler than 77 degrees during the night, and at 6 o'clock this morning people awakened to 75 degrees of temperature, with not a breath of air stirring, and the atmosphere was filled with humidity. There had been no rest in the night's sleep, and when people began to fill the city streets they moved about slowly, listlessly, weakly.

The spirit thermometer at the Government Weather Bureau showed 74 degrees at 1 o'clock this morning after there had been nearly three hours of steadily falling rain. The temperature rose to 75 within an hour and never receded again.

At 6 o'clock this morning the official indicator marked 77 degrees, and the report from the other weather stations all over the country showed that this benighted Island town was the head and centre of the heated district. New York was one degree better off than Philadelphia, while the cities of this State, Albany, Buffalo and Oswego, showed 66, 68 and 64 degrees, respectively.



SLEEPING ON A TESTAMENT BED.

Chicago, Cleveland and St. Louis enjoyed 60-degree weather, St. Paul 60 and Helena 52, while the temperature of the Southern cities was only normal.

Forecaster Dunn's thermometer reads its pointer up to the 79 mark at 9 o'clock and reaches 82.2 degrees at 10 o'clock. Then Mr. Dunn announced that in his judgment it would not go more than two degrees higher to-day, but that showers and the eight-mile northwest breeze would make it drop by this evening.

"My prediction is that we should have generally fair weather this afternoon, with one or two showers and northwest winds," said Prophet Dunn. "To-morrow it will be fair and cooler. I should say we would get down to 70 or 75 degrees to-morrow."

Hudson's thermometer reached 77 degrees at 1 o'clock this morning, 75 at 6 o'clock, 80 at 9 o'clock, 83 at 10 o'clock and 84 at 11 o'clock, against 81, 82, 87 and 91 degrees yesterday.

Perry's thermometer showed 77, 77, 80, 82 and 83 degrees at these hours.

At 11 o'clock it was seven degrees cooler than at the same hour yesterday. Perhaps this is better, from a hygienic standpoint, than a fall of 25 degrees, such as precipitated so much disease and death upon Chicago yesterday.

The Coroners' office is being taxed yet to its fullest capacity, and the hospitals are busy as can be with ambulance calls to persons prostrated by the heat.

The mortality and suffering among the horses is hardly less today than during the preceding week. What havoc the heat has wrought among the animals may be judged by the fact that more than one hundred and fifty dead horses have been taken to the offal dock during the past three days, and the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has been obliged to employ three relays of horses in its ambulance service and to work twenty-four hours out of the twenty-four hours for the past three days.

The street cars running on the longitudinal lines move at a pace slower than a walk, and the poor horses are completely used up. There are no fresh horses to relieve them, and every station in the day's work three to four hours late.

Some of the companies have wisely reduced the number of cars in operation, and are limiting two teams to a car.

Many shops closed yesterday morning and did not open to-day, their operatives taking a short but gratefully occupied holiday.

The slight change for the better is gratefully received, and hope for a still further betterment in the thought uppermost in every mind.

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the thermometer indicated a temperature nine degrees less than at the same hour yesterday in the respective localities.

At 11 o'clock the thermometer was 86 degrees hot,

against 65 degrees at 1 o'clock yesterday. There has been eighty-three sudden or unusual deaths reported by the coroner's office up to noon to-day, as against ninety-nine for the whole of yesterday. Most of these deaths were attributable directly or indirectly to the heat.

HEAT IN BROOKLYN.

Two Sisters Stricken to Death—Other Deaths and Frac-tions.

The following deaths from heat were reported at the Coroners' office, in Brooklyn, as

Sixty-fourth street, overcome at 2:15 Third avenue, Hospital.

John Foster, thirty-five, of 518 West Twenty-seventh street, overcome at 505 West Twenty-sixth street, New York City, died at Bridgeport, Melrose, at the Plaza Bridge, Melrose, Union Hospital.

Henry Crow, twenty-five, of 406 East Fifty-third street, prostrated while driving a brewery wagon at Second avenue and Twenty-ninth street, Brooklyn.

John Tracy, twenty-eight, of 1805 Second Avenue, Presbyterian Hospital.

James King, forty-five, chamberlain in front of 238 Water street, Chambers Street Hospital.

Unknown man, about thirty-five, prostrated at 8:30 A.M. in front of 21 White street, Chambers Street Hospital.

The horse was removed in an ambulance.

ENJOINED BY JUDGE CULLEN.

Union Railway Franchise in Brooklyn Is Tied Up.

Justice Cullen in Supreme Court, Brooklyn, to-day granted an injunction, on application of John Adamson, a wealthy real-estate dealer, temporarily enjoining the grantees of the Union Railway franchise, which was granted by the Aldermen over Mayor Boody's veto, from exercising any of the rights given by the franchise.

The injunction is returnable before Justice Cullen Aug. 4.

CLEVELAND ON CAMPAIGN CLUBS.

Expressions to the President of a Jersey Organization.

OFFICIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.

PATRICK, N. J., July 30.—Ex-president Grover Cleveland, in response to a letter applying him the organization of a Democratic Campaign Club in Asbury Park, New Jersey, of 393 Hicks street, Brooklyn, who was prostrated by heat yesterday, died this morning.

Leonard Samuels, thirty-five, bartender at Hancock street and Greene avenue, and living in New York, was prostrated at 8 o'clock this morning and died on the way to St. Catherine's Hospital, 502 Underhill avenue, Brooklyn, where he was prostrated by heat yesterday, died this morning.

Friedrichs, 78 Bedford street, Brooklyn, in a Sonny Hospital this morning. He was prostrated yesterday on Fulton street.

The following prestrations were reported:

Joh Duperre, twenty-two years old, of 50 South Second street, was taken ill at Wallabout Market at 5 o'clock this morning.

John Antrobus, twenty-two years old, of No. 50 South Second street, was taken ill at Wallabout Market, and was taken to the Eastern District Hospital.

Samuel O'Dell, thirty years old, No. 61 Second Avenue, died at home and taken to the Eastern District Hospital.

William Zimmerman, thirty-seven years old, of 109 Jay street, prostrated on Nassau street, occurred since midnight:

Mrs. Catherine Shea, fifty years, and Mrs. Ellen Purdy, fifty-four years, sisters, living at 62 Underhill avenue. Both died from the effects of the heat at an early hour this morning.

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Mr. and Mrs. John Adamson, a wealthy real-estate dealer, temporarily enjoining the grantees of the Union Railway franchise, which was granted by the Aldermen over Mayor Boody's veto, from exercising any of the rights given by the franchise.

The fact that the meetings of the Anarchists are usually held in saloons, and that beer and free lunch seem to be the bait for bringing law-haters together, has raised the question whether such places cannot be closed by the authorities.

The saloon of Edward Kretschmann, at 209 Fifth street, has been found to have been the headquarters of Anarchist Berkman and Emma Goldman. It is known to be a hotbed of Anarchism, and the quickest way, it is believed, to wipe it out of existence, would be to have Kretschmann's license revoked.

Secretary Bishop of the Excise Board, was asked by an Evening World reporter what course it would be necessary to follow to have the license revoked, and in reply read the following provision in Kretschmann's bond:

"It is required that the premises to which this application refers shall not be suffered to be used for any disorderly purpose, nor suffer to be used for any great gathering, or as a source of great gratification to hear of you or your friends to be used for immoral or unlawful purposes."

"If evidence can be brought before the Board," said the Secretary, "to show that the holder of the license permits his premises to be used for unlawful purposes, his license would immediately be revoked."

The Board of Excise will take action on account of incendiary speeches, and in that case the Board of Excise could revoke the license if it were shown that the premises had been permitted to be used for unlawful purposes. The Internal Revenue Collector might also find reason to revoke the government license on account of a violation of Federal law. There are a great many ways to act, and if the place is used for the propagation of the Anarchist cause, it would be well to convert it into a new convert and to fix those who are wavering in Kretschmann's place.

The District-Attorney might take action on account of incendiary speeches, and in that case the Board of Excise could revoke the license if it were shown that the premises had been permitted to be used for unlawful purposes.

"The better course to pursue would be for the police to get evidence against the place and make a complaint to the Excise Board.

Anarchistic meetings are frequently conducted in a disorderly manner and it might be shown that such has been the case in Kretschmann's place.

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"Ever member of such a club should, I think, consider himself a committee of one to bring with him the influence of the club members to bear upon the members of the club who are otherwise so inclined.

"I fully believe, however, that this new Club established in Passaic County will consider these questions and answer them in a manner befitting a club of its character."

"Grover CLEVELAND."

WELL-KNOWN HOTEL MAN DEAD.

Gouverneur R. Lansing, Formerly Manager of the Astor House.

Gouverneur R. Lansing, a well-known hotel manager, at one time in charge of the Astor House, died yesterday afternoon at his house, No. 22 West Thirty-second street.

Mr. Lansing was born in this city May 1, 1839, and at twenty-two years of age began his hotel career as night clerk in French's Hotel. From there he went to Earle's Hotel, and afterwards to the old Southern Hotel. In 1859 Allen & Bain, the new lessees of the Astor House, placed him in charge there, and the article concludes with the remark that he was well grounded in the Democratic faith, but to draw in new converts and to fix those who are wavering in the party.

"Words do good with such a fellow, a good thrashing would perhaps not change this man, but it might shut up his mouth."

An EVENING WORLD reporter who went to 340 Fifth street, this morning, to see Miss Goldman, was met at the entrance to the room where she was to meet the steamer for New York. Sunday, which was the name of the steamer for New York, which had been selected for the trip, was not to be used, as the steamer for New York had been delayed.

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"It is true, as the housekeeper, Mrs. Walsh, has said, that you left a dynamite bomb near her door."

"No, it isn't true," said Miss Goldman, sharply. "I was going to blow up some persons with dynamite I would never people with dynamite."

A man called Vice, "Anarchie, the End of Terror," had been found in Miss Goldman's room. It was written by Fritz Chester, who is said to be one of Miss Goldman's friends.

The poem was a denunciation of capitalists, the police and Government.

"All that is necessary to show that the place is used for an unlawful purpose is to produce evidence that a number of men meet together and make incendiary speeches."

"I will not define what may be said to be incendiary, because it is the intention of the District-Attorney to proceed against all these places, and by making known at the present time exactly what is a violation of the law we would be giving aid and comfort to the enemy."

"I have no doubt that the law is violated in these Anarchistic dens, and if it is at all possible we intend to break up every one of them."

"Yes, I know where we are going," she said, "but I am not going to tell you reporters."

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